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State-Level ESG Investment Developments Tracker

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District of Columbia, California, Connecticut, Delaware, Illinois, Maine, Maryland, Massachusetts, Minnesota, Nevada, New Jersey, New Mexico, New York, Oregon, Rhode Island, Washington, Wisconsin	November 2022: Letter to Senate Committee on Banking, Housing, and Urban Affairs and the House Committee on Financial Services	<p>17 state AGs signed a letter from the DC Office of the Attorney General to the Chairpersons and Ranking Members of the Senate Committee on Banking, Housing, and Urban Affairs and the House Committee on Financial Services. The AGs expressed that the fund managers' use of ESG factors in assessing the risks and rewards of investments are like other material factors that inform investment decision-making.</p> <p>The letter also stated that ESG factors are "consistent with legal responsibilities to evaluate potential risk and reward in assessing the merits of an investment" and can help managers provide the best return by mitigating risks facing their investments. Finally, the letter argues that fund managers' commitment to the Net Zero Managers Alliance is not, without more, an antitrust violation.</p>	<p>Office of the Attorney General for DC</p> <p>Letter</p>
Missouri, Virginia, Arizona, Arkansas, Indiana, Kansas, Kentucky, Louisiana, Mississippi, Montana, Nebraska, Oklahoma, Tennessee, Texas, and five others	October 2022: States launch civil investigations into ESG practices of big banks	<p>19 state AGs launched civil investigations into whether the ESG practices of some of the nation's largest banks are harmful to the energy industry. The banks under investigation include Bank of America, Citigroup, Goldman Sachs, JP Morgan Chase, Morgan Stanley, and Wells Fargo.</p> <p>The investigation targets activity related to each bank's membership in the United Nations Net-Zero Banking Alliance ("NZBA"), a UN-convened group of over 100 banks that are "committed to aligning their lending and investment portfolios with net-zero emissions by 2050."</p> <p>(Five of the states involved in the investigation can't be named due to state laws or regulations regarding confidentiality.)</p>	<p>Bloomberg Article</p> <p>Virginia Mercury Article</p>
Alabama, Arizona, Georgia, Indiana, Kansas, Kentucky, Louisiana, Mississippi, Montana, Nebraska, Ohio, Oklahoma, South Carolina, Texas, Utah, Virginia, West Virginia	September 2022: Letter to US Comptroller of the Currency	<p>17 state AGs signed a letter from the Utah Office of the Attorney General to incoming US Comptroller of the Currency Michael J. Hsu regarding the appointment of Dr. Yue (Nina) Chen as the Chief Climate Risk Officer at the US Office of the Comptroller of the Currency (OCC).</p> <p>The letter condemns the appointment of Dr. Chen and the OCC's focus on "climate risk" in the financial system, calling it a politicization of financial regulation "by using financial agencies to promote radical environmental policy that restricts energy production and punishes small businesses and consumers."</p> <p>The letter further warns that the states will investigate, litigate and lobby against any report from banks in their states that federal regulators are pressuring them to cut off services based on the Biden Administration's political agenda.</p>	<p>Letter</p>

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California, Colorado, Delaware, Illinois, Maine, Massachusetts, Nevada, New Mexico, New York, Oregon, Rhode Island, Vermont, Washington, Wisconsin	September 2022: Public Letter	<p>The treasurers of 13 states and of New York City published a letter opposing recent efforts to ban the use of non-pecuniary considerations in state pension fund management. The letter was published on the website of a 501(c)3 organization called For the Long Term, and is considered a response to the anti-boycott blacklisting of some financial firms.</p> <p>The open letter states that states engaging in efforts to blacklist companies that are boycotting fossil fuel producers are thinking in the short-term, and asserts that “Disclosure, transparency, and accountability make companies more resilient by sharpening how they manage, ensuring that they are appropriately planning for the future.”</p>	Letter
California, Delaware, Illinois, Maryland, Minnesota, New Jersey, New York	August 2022: Letter to SEC Secretary	<p>7 state AGs sent a letter to SEC Secretary Vanessa Countryman expressing support for proposed SEC rules governing disclosures for ESG investment products, particularly in support of the proposed rule titled <i>Enhanced Disclosures by Certain Investment Advisers and Investment Companies about Environmental, Social and Governance Investment Practices</i>, Release No. IA-6034.</p> <p>The letter supported the SECs moves toward “consistent, comparable, and reliable information” on ESG-based investment products and strategies. It further noted that (1) investment companies play an important role in the investment choices available to US investors, (2) the growing prevalence of ESG investments, lack of disclosure and potential for fraud necessitate enhanced disclosures, and (3) that the proposed rule is expected to provide numerous benefits and clarifications for investors. The letter concluded by proposing additional clarifications to the Proposed Rule.</p>	Letter
Alaska, Arkansas, Idaho, Indiana, Kentucky, Louisiana, Mississippi, Missouri, Montana, South Carolina, Texas, Utah	June 2022: Letter to SEC Secretary	<p>12 state AGs wrote to SEC Secretary Vanessa Countryman expressing opposition to proposed rules standardizing climate-related disclosures for securities.</p> <p>The AGs stated their concern about proposed rule <i>The Enhancement and Standardization of Climate-Related Disclosures for Investors</i> 87 Fed. Reg. 21334, File Number S7-10-22. Specifically, the proposed rule was asserted to be burdensome and unnecessary, and to “flagrantly exceed the SEC’s delegated role of ensuring capital markets continue to function and that investors are provided timely, accurate, and material information.”</p> <p>The letter further stated the AGs belief that the SEC lacks the statutory authority for such a rule, that the rule is too burdensome and does not apply the factors required for SEC rule-making, that the rule would produce inconsistent, unreliable and irrelevant</p>	Letter

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		information for investors, and finally that the SEC has not properly weighed the costs and benefits of this rule.	
Alabama, Arizona, Arkansas, Idaho, Kentucky, Louisiana, Mississippi, Missouri, Montana, Nebraska, Ohio, Oklahoma, South Carolina, Texas, Utah, West Virginia	August 2022: Letter to BlackRock CEO	<p>19 state AGs sent a letter to BlackRock CEO Laurence Fink, asserting that the company’s stated objectives on decarbonization may violate the Sherman Antitrust Act and “multiple state laws,” including laws related to fiduciary duties owed to the firm’s clients.</p> <p>Among other things, the letter criticizes BlackRock’s public commitment to the Paris Agreement, worrying that it will “increase energy prices, drive inflation, and weaken the national security of the United States, noting that the agreement was not ratified by the Senate.” The letter also accuses the firm of environmental activism in the energy sector, of disregarding its obligation to maximize financial returns in favor of sustainability dialogue and of breaching its fiduciary duties of loyalty and care to its clients.</p>	Letter
Alabama	No recent developments.		
Alaska	December 2020: Governor’s Announcement	In December 2020, Governor Dunleavy announced plans to introduce legislation requiring state entities to end relationships with financial institutions that refuse to finance oil and gas activities in the Arctic.	Alaska Office of Governor’s Press Release
	May 2022: H.B. 394, died in committee.	Would have required the state to create a blacklist of companies that boycott Taiwan, among other foreign countries, as well as Alaska’s fossil fuel industry. State entities would be required to divest from such companies.	H.B. 394
Arizona	August 2022: Arizona State Treasurer’s Office Investment Policy Statement	The Arizona Treasurer’s Office released an investment policy statement that said that investments by or on behalf of the Treasurer can only consider pecuniary factors. The policy statement considers agreements related to environmental or social goals, corporate government structures, and social and environmental goals to be non-pecuniary interests that cannot be considered.	AZ Investment Policy Statement
	November 2021: Arizona AG Announcement	<p>Arizona AG Mark Brnovich announced the ESG investment practices and CA100+ membership of major firms would be investigated.</p> <p>“My office is committed to fair business practices and competition,” said Attorney General Mark Brnovich. “We will take action to ensure companies are not operating in the shadows to move a political or woke agenda.”</p>	AZ AG Office Press Release
	March 2022: H.B. 2656, failed.	The Republican-sponsored bill sought to limit the state Treasurer’s investment decisions to only pecuniary	H.B. 2656

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		interests and restrict the Treasurer from considering “nonpecuniary benefits or other nonpecuniary social goals.” The bill also sought a public list of investments managers that attested that they did not hold investments in ESG-related products.	
	March 2022: H.B. 2473, failed in Senate.	The Republican-backed bill would have restricted firms from working with local governments in the state if they have restrictive gun policies. Introduced in the AZ House in February 2022, the bill passed the House before failing in the Senate.	Bloomberg Article H.B. 2473
Arkansas	No recent developments.		
California	June 2022: SB 1173, passed Senate before failing in Assembly.	Would have forbidden investment in the 200 largest public fossil fuel companies, as determined by the carbon in their reserves. Requires divestment from such companies by July 1, 2030. The bill passed the Senate, but was not heard in Assembly committee.	SB1173
Colorado	July 2021: HB21-1303, Global Warming Potential for Public Project Materials (“Buy Clean Colorado”), enacted.	Public construction projects will have to meet clear environmental criteria for the use of seven common construction materials. The law requires the office of the state architect and the department of transportation to each establish policies that include the maximum acceptable global warming potential for specific categories of construction materials.	Greenbiz Article HB21-1303 Colo. Rev. Stat. § 24-92-117, et seq.
Connecticut	February 2020: Connecticut State Treasurer’s Responsible Gun Policy Announced	CT Treasurer announced in 2019 a Responsible Gun Policy that went into effect in February 2020 and applies to the Connecticut Retirement Plans and Trust Funds. The policy is a “framework for guiding sound financial decisions and responsible corporate behavior on guns.” It prohibits the investment in civilian firearm manufacturing companies, requests banks and financial institutions to disclose their policies on guns if working with the Office of the Treasurer, and weighs a financial institution’s gun policy when the Office of the Treasurer contracts banking and financial services.	Connecticut State Treasurer’s Press Release
Delaware	No recent developments.		

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Florida	August 2022: S.B.A. Resolution, in effect.	State Board of Administration trustees passed a resolution directing (1) the state to disregard ESG factors in its investment management practices, obligating managers to only weigh "pecuniary factors" and (2) the SBA, when exercising shareholder rights and voting proxies, to act "for the exclusive purpose of providing benefits to participants and beneficiaries and defraying the reasonable expenses of the Florida Retirement System Defined Benefit Pension Plan."	FL Governor Press Release
	July 2022: Governor Announcement	Florida Governor announced ESG-related legislative proposals and regulatory initiatives for the 2023 legislative session, including: (1) Amendment of Florida's Deceptive and Unfair Trade Practices statute to prohibit "discriminatory practices by large financial institutions based on ESG metrics" and (2) Amendment of Investment Policy Statement prohibiting State Board of Administration (SBA) fund managers from considering ESG factors when investing the state's money and require SBA fund managers to only consider maximizing the return on investment on behalf of Florida's retirees.	FL Governor Press Release
Georgia	No recent developments.		
Hawaii	February 2021: H.B. 1205/SB801, died in committee.	Would have required a public investment fund to develop and implement socially responsible investment policies and submit an annual report to the legislature disclosing investments in accordance with ESG and socially responsible investment policies.	HB 1205
	December 2021: HB557 HD1/SB488, died in committee.	Would have required the board of trustees of the Employees' Retirement System (ERS) to reevaluate its existing future investments in coal, oil, natural gas, oil and natural gas services, and pipeline companies, to divest from companies that have not invested more in clean renewable energy sources than in fossil fuels or are not set up for favorable long-term investment returns by having clear plans to abandon fossil fuels by 2030 and to submit annual reports to the legislature. Notably the investment policy statement of the ERS does currently apply principles of Responsible Investing, which includes consideration of ESG factors.	HB557 HD1 / SB488
Idaho	November 2022: Republican legislators and officials prepare for upcoming session	The Idaho Legislature's Joint Interim Committee on Federalism met to discuss the legislation that would limit or block the use of ESG factors for contracts and investments using public money.	Big Country News Article
	March 2022: H.B. 737, died in committee.	Would have added to existing law to prohibit contracts and investment practices involving companies that boycott certain production industries, including energy, mining, agriculture, commercial timber.	H.B. 737
	July 2022: S.B. 1405,	Adds to existing law to establish provisions regarding	S.B. 1405

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	enacted.	disfavored state investments. Prohibits public entities from considering ESG factors if it would override the prudent investor rule.	Idaho Code § 67-2345
Illinois	January 2020: PA 101-473, enacted.	Illinois Sustainable Investing Act directs state and local government entities managing public funds to integrate sustainability factors, including ESG, into their processes and policies.	IL Treasurer Press Release Illinois Sustainable Investing Act
Indiana	September 2022: Attorney General Official Opinion	Indiana AG released an official opinion regarding the Indiana Public Retirement System and ESG Investments that concludes that, because state law mandates investing “solely in the interest of the beneficiaries,” investing for ESG-related purposes is a violation of fiduciary duties.	AG Official Opinion 2022-3
	January 2022: H.B. 1224; S.B. 397, died in committee.	Introduced in January 2022, the bill died shortly thereafter. Would have required the Board of Depositories to maintain a list of financial companies that boycott energy companies and divest from them if they did not cease their boycott. Also, would have forbidden government to contract with companies unless the company verified that it did not participate in such boycotts and would not during the term of the contract.	H.B. 1224/S.B. 397
	January 2022: H.B. 1409; S.B. 397, died in committee.	Introduced in January 2022, the bill died shortly thereafter. Would have forbidden government to contract with companies unless the company verified that it did not participate in boycotts against a firearm entity or trade association and would not do so during the term of the contract.	H.B. 1409; S.B. 397
	January 2022: SB 170, died in committee.	Would have required the board of trustees of the Indiana public retirement system to divest from any company that is publicly traded and identified as one of the 200 largest reserve-owning fossil fuel companies based on the amount of carbon emissions in a company’s oil, gas, and coal reserves	SB 170
Iowa	No recent developments.		
Kansas	November 2022: Kansas State Treasure Op-Ed	Kansas Treasurer Lynn Rogers penned an op-ed in the St. John News requesting that state legislators avoid the ideological battles around ESG investment. The Treasurer takes a neutral stance toward ESG, stating that he is “against any law either requiring or banning the use of ESG investment data.” Lynn Rogers was defeated in the November 2022 election by Republican Steven Johnson for the Treasurer position.	Kansas Treasurer Op-Ed

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	May 2022: HB 2664, died in committee.	Would have prohibited banks, trust companies, credit unions and other business entities from discriminating based on certain "subjective or arbitrary factors," including ESG and sustainability factors.	H.B. 2664
	May 2022: S.B. 482, died in committee.	Would have forbidden government entities to contract with companies unless the company verified that it did not participate in boycotts against a firearm entity or trade association and would not do so during the term of the contract.	S.B. 482
	May 2022: S.B. 518, died in committee.	<p>Would have required Kansas Public Employees Retirement System to divest from entities boycotting energy companies.</p> <p>Would have forbidden government entities to contract with such companies unless the company verified that it did not participate in boycotts against an energy company and would not do so during the term of the contract.</p>	<p>S.B. 518</p> <p>KPERs Bill Recap</p>
Kentucky	October 2022: State Attorney General and Treasurer Letter to KY Public Retirement Systems	Kentucky AG and Treasurer wrote a letter to the KY Public Pension Authority and the Kentucky Teachers' Retirement System requesting that the retirement systems report to their offices regarding each system's investment decisions to ensure that the systems are not using ESG considerations.	Kentucky AG and Treasurer Letter
	May 2022: AG Opinion 22-05 announced.	Asserts that ESG investment practices are "inconsistent with Kentucky law governing fiduciary duties owed by investment management firms to Kentucky's public pension plans" and that such "politics has no place in KY's public pensions."	KY AG Opinion
	April 2022: S.B. 205 enacted.	Requires the state to maintain a list of financial companies that boycott energy companies and divest from them if they did not cease their boycott. Prohibits government from contracting with companies unless the company verifies that it does not participate in such boycotts and will not during the term of the contract.	<p>Fox News Article</p> <p>S.B. 205</p>
	January 2022: H.B. 123, died in committee	Would have prohibited state from entering into major contracts with a company discriminating against firearm entities or firearm trade associations.	H.B. 123
Louisiana	October 2022: State Treasurer Letter to BlackRock	Louisiana State Treasurer wrote a letter informing BlackRock that it will liquidate all BlackRock investments by the end of 2022 (approximately \$794 million) because of BlackRock's ESG considerations.	Louisiana Treasurer Press Release and Letter
	March 2022: H.B. 25, died in committee.	Would have prohibited a retirement system from investing in companies with policies discriminating against energy companies. Bill was intended to limit only direct investment, and not indirect investments through ETFs, mutual funds, and other commingled accounts.	HB 25

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	June 2022: H.B. 978, died in chamber.	Would have prohibited public entities from contracting with companies that discriminate against firearm and ammunition industries unless the company verifies that it does not participate in such boycotts and will not during the term of the contract.	H.B. 978
	May 2022: H.R. 137, died in committee.	House Resolution requested the state retirement systems to invest with companies and work with minority fund managers with diversity, equity and inclusion practices.	HR 137
	June 2022: HR 203, adopted.	House Resolution creates the ESG Task Force to study make recommendations relating to the use of ESG criteria in lending and investment practices.	HR 203
	June 2022: HR 246, adopted.	House Resolution creates the ESG Criteria Study Group to make recommendations relating to regulation of the use of ESG factors in lending and investment practices.	HR246
	2018-2021: State Bond Commission Actions	State Bond Commission takes actions over several years to make a stand regarding firearms boycotts. In 2018, it rejected Citigroup and Bank of America as underwriters because of their restrictive gun policies. In 2020, it excluded Citigroup from its list of approved banks owing to the company's gun control policies. In 2021 it replaced JPMorgan Chase with Wells Fargo on a state debt refinancing contract because of JPMorgan Chase's policies against doing business with companies that sell military-style weapons to civilians.	Bloomberg Article LA Illuminator Article
Maine	June 2021: H.P. 65/L.D. 99, enacted.	Requires state's Public Employees Retirement System to divest from fossil fuel industry by 2026. Specifically forbids investment in the 200 largest public fossil fuel companies, as determined by the carbon in their reserves.	HP65 / LD 99
Maryland	April 2022: H.B. 740; S.B. 566, enacted.	Requires assessment of climate risk in investments of MD State Retirement and Pension System. Requires its Board to report annually on the climate risk levels across its portfolio and allows the Chief Investment Officer to make investment decisions based on the information in the report.	HB740 / SB566
Massachusetts	September 2021: H. 4170, pending.	Mandates the review of climate risk to protect public pension beneficiaries and taxpayers by a Climate Risk Review Committee. Prohibits investments in and directs divestment by January 1, 2025 from "climate risk investments". This is defined as "any fossil fuel investments or investment in other industries including, but not limited to biofuel, that may have a negative impact on the global climate, that scientific evidence has established as contributing to climate change, that conflict with or	H4170

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		<p>undermine the commonwealth’s climate goals, and that pose a risk to the portfolio performance for beneficiaries of the public fund.”</p> <p>For indirect holdings in investment funds that are actively managed, requires that the fund managers be asked to remove restricted companies from funds or create similar funds excluding those companies.</p>	
	February 2022: S. 722, pending.	<p>Authorizes independent retirement boards and some state public pension systems to divest from fossil fuel companies.</p> <p>Not applicable to the State Employees Retirement System, the State Teachers’ Retirement System or the State-Boston Retirement System</p>	S. 722
	April 2021: H. 43, pending.	<p>Prohibits investment in and requires divestment within 12 months from ammunitions and firearms companies.</p> <p>Applies to the Pension Reserves Investment Trust charged with managing the assets of state employees’ and teachers’ retirement systems, as well as assets of local retirement systems under the control of the Pension Reserves Investment Management Board.</p> <p>For indirect holdings in investment funds that are actively managed, requires that the fund managers be asked to remove restricted companies from funds or create similar funds excluding those companies.</p>	H. 43
	February 2022: PRIM Board approves proxy voting guidelines	Massachusetts Pension Reserve Investment Management (PRIM) Board approved the State Treasurer’s proposal to permit state pension funds to vote against directors at companies that are not aligned with the Paris Accords as well as the creation of an ESG Committee.	Treasurer Press Release
Michigan	October 2022: S.B. 1192, pending.	Requires managers of Michigan’s state and local public pension systems to only consider “pecuniary factors,” thus excluding ESG considerations in its investment decisions.	Michigan Capitol Confidential Article S.B. 1192
Minnesota	April 2022: H.F. 4574/ S.F. 4441, died in committee.	<p>Would have prohibited investment in, and required divestment by July 1, 2022, from companies boycotting mining, energy production, production agriculture or commercial lumber production.</p> <p>Applicable to the Combined Funds, which holds the assets of the Minnesota State Retirement System, the Public Employees Retirement Association and the Teachers Retirement Association.</p>	SF 4441
	May 2022: HB 4904, died in committee.	Energy Discrimination Elimination Act would have prohibited investment in companies boycotting fossil fuel companies. Would have required Commissioner of Commerce to maintain a list of such companies and	HB 4904

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		<p>requires divestment from listed companies that do not cease their boycotts within 90 days of receiving notice from state entity.</p> <p>Applicable to state pensions as determined by the Commissioner.</p> <p>For indirect holdings, would have required that the fund managers be asked to remove restricted companies from funds or create similar funds excluding those companies.</p> <p>Would have prohibited the government from contracting with companies unless the company verifies that it does not participate in such boycotts and will not during the term of the contract.</p>	
	February 2022: SF3384/HF4028, died in committee.	Would have required Minnesota State Board of Investment to prepare a report covering the financial risks of investing in fossil fuel companies as well as identifying alternate investments.	SF3384 / HF4028
Mississippi	November 2022: Treasurer urges state retirement system to reject ESG	Mississippi State Treasurer released a letter to the Public Employees' Retirement System asking the officer of the system to reject ESG policies. In the letter, the Treasurer also asks the retirement system to "formally prohibit the use of any considerations besides financial performance in its investment policy."	MS Treasurer Press Release and Letter
Missouri	October 2022: Missouri Treasurer announces divestment from BlackRock	Missouri State Treasurer announced that the Missouri State Employees' Retirement System (MOSERS) will be divesting approximately \$500 million from BlackRock, stating that BlackRock prioritizes other considerations "above the financial interests of their customers." Additionally, the announcement indicated that in June 2022 the board voted to remove proxy voting power from asset managers advancing ESG strategies, including BlackRock.	Missouri Treasurer Press Release
	April 2022: S.B. 1048, died in committee.	Would have prohibited state from entering into major contracts for the purchase of goods or services with a company discriminating against firearm entities or firearm trade associations.	S.B. 1048
Montana	No recent developments.		
Nebraska	No recent developments.		
Nevada	June 2022: Nevada Treasurer Announcement	<p>Nevada Treasurer announced that state is to divest from businesses that sell or manufacture assault-style weapons.</p> <p>Office of the Treasurer is conducting a review of all current assets and will work to divest in "the most fiscally prudent manner possible."</p> <p>The move will reportedly affect less than 1% of the \$49</p>	USA Today Article

STATE	DEVELOPMENT	KEY POINTS	FURTHER READING
		billion investment portfolio.	
New Hampshire	June 2022: HB 1469, enacted.	<p>Creates a committee to determine the need for anti-discrimination legislation in the state's financial industry, including discrimination based on political opinion.</p> <p>The bill text introduced originally aimed to prevent financial institutions from discriminating based on "social credit, environmental, social, and governance, or similar values-based or impact criteria" but it was amended during the legislative process.</p>	HB 1469
New Jersey	January 2022: A. 1733/S. 416, pending.	<p>Requires state's Public Employees Retirement System and the Teachers' Pension & Annuity Fund, among other such funds managed by the Director of Investment, to divest from fossil fuel industry by January 1, 2022.</p> <p>Specifically forbids investment in the 200 largest public fossil fuel companies, as determined by the carbon in their reserves.</p>	A1733 / S416
	January 2022: A. 1752/S. 1407, pending.	<p>Prohibits investment by State of any pension and annuity funds in companies manufacturing, importing and selling assault firearms for civilian use.</p> <p>Divestment from such restricted companies would be required within 3 years.</p>	A. 1752/S. 1407
New Mexico	August 2021: State Investment Council Adopts ESG Policy	<p>The State Investment Council adopted guidelines to incorporate ESG considerations in connection with the New Mexico Permanent Funds.</p> <p>In investing and managing the Permanent Funds assets, the importance of long-term sustainability and ESG factors which "can present material business risks or opportunities" will be considered, subject to fiduciary duties of the State Investment Officer and Council.</p>	ESG Policy
New York	January 2022: S4783A/A6331, pending.	<p>Teachers' Fossil Fuel Divestment Act prohibits investment in coal, oil and gas producers, specifically those to be included on an exclusion list. Divestment from coal producers must be completed within 1 year and divestment from oil and gas producers within 2 years of a company being included on the exclusion list but in any event no later than five years from the effective date of the legislation.</p> <p>Applicable to the NY State Teachers' Retirement System.</p>	S4783A
	December 2021: NYS Teachers' Retirement System Announcement	New York State Teachers' Retirement System announced a freeze on any further investments in 10 biggest thermal coal company holdings and 10 biggest holdings in oil and gas companies. It will also divest from direct holdings in coal producers.	NYSTRS Announcement
	December 2020: NYS Pension Fund	NY State Common Retirement Fund to achieve net zero greenhouse gas emissions for its portfolio by 2040. To	Office of the NY State

STATE	DEVELOPMENT	KEY POINTS	FURTHER READING
	Announcement	accomplish this, the retirement fund will review energy-related investments and assess climate investment risks, then divesting from companies that fail to meet certain minimum standards.	Comptroller
North Carolina	No recent developments.		
North Dakota	March 2021: SB2291, enacted.	Prohibits Social Investment Board from making “social investments” unless it can be demonstrated that such investment will perform at least as well as a similar non-social investment would. Also directs the State’s Department of Commerce to report on: (1) on ESG-related investment policies, (2) the state’s involvement with companies that consider ESG factors in their decisions, and the implications of companies boycotting energy or production agriculture commodities.	SB 2291
Ohio	May 2021: H.B. 297, pending.	Firearm Industry Non-discrimination (FIND) Act would prohibit government to contract with companies unless the company verified that it did not participate in boycotts against a firearm entity or trade association and would not do so during the term of the contract.	H.B. 297
Oklahoma	May 2022: H.B. 2034, enacted.	Involves all Oklahoma state retirement systems and requires Treasurer to maintain and provide to each state governmental entity a list of financial companies that boycott energy companies. Prohibits investment in any listed companies and prohibits state governmental entities from entering a contract for goods or services with a listed company unless alternatives are not available. Prohibits state governmental entities from entering a contract for goods or services worth at least \$100,000 unless company verifies in writing that it does not boycott energy companies and will not during the contract. Applicable only to companies with at least 10 full time employees.	HB2034
	May 2022: H.B. 3144, pending.	Prohibits Oklahoma state governmental entities from entering a contract for goods or services worth at least \$100,000 and paid partly from public funds unless the company verifies in writing that it does not discriminate against firearm entities or trade associations and will not do so during the contract term.	HB3144
Oregon	September 2020: Oregon Investment Council Amends Investment Policy	Oregon Investment Council amended its investment policy to adopt ESG principles to its statement of investment and management beliefs, stating that the incorporation of ESG factors “may have a beneficial impact on the economic outcome of an investment and aid in the assessment of risks associated with that	Chief Investment Officer Article Item 8 of Statement of OIC Investment and

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		investment.”	Management Beliefs
Pennsylvania	July 2021: SB748, pending.	<p>Amends <i>Protecting Pennsylvania's Investments Act</i>.</p> <p>Involves Pennsylvania State Employees' Retirement System and the Public School Employees' Retirement System. Provides for identification of assault weapons manufacturers, for required actions related to assault weapons manufacturers and reports relating to assault weapons manufacturers.</p> <p>Prohibits investment in assault weapons manufacturers and requires divestment from restricted companies that do not cease their weapons manufacturing activities within 180 days of receiving notice of the state entity's intention to divest, within 26 months. Indirect holdings or holdings in alternative investments are inapplicable.</p>	SB748
	September 2022: HB2799, pending.	<p><i>Liberty, Virtue and Independence Act</i>.</p> <p>This law would forbid financial institutions from discriminating based on "subjective or arbitrary" standards, including using social credit or environmental, social or governance scores, and impose fines for such offenses and additionally allow for criminal prosecution if 5 or more offenses are committed.</p>	HB2799
Rhode Island	January 2020: Rhode Island Divestment Announced	Announces State Investment Commission's divestment from companies manufacturing assault-style weapons for civilian use or companies operating private for-profit prisons. Involves Employees' Retirement System of Rhode Island.	Rhode Island to Divest from Private Prisons, Gun Makers
South Carolina	October 2022: South Carolina Treasurer announces divestment from BlackRock	<p>South Carolina State Treasurer announced that the state will be divesting approximately \$200 million from BlackRock due to the manager's ESG and sustainable investing policies.</p> <p>The Treasurer noted that he had already been working "systematically to remove BlackRock managed funds from our state's various investment portfolios" over the last 5 years.</p>	PI Online Article
	February 2022: H4978, pending.	This law would forbid financial institutions from discriminating in lending determinations based on "subjective or arbitrary" standards, including the use of "social credit, environmental, social, and governance, or similar values-based or impact criteria."	H4978
	February 2022: H.B. 4996, pending House Judiciary Committee	Prohibits investment in and contracting with companies that boycott energy companies.	H.B.4996
South Dakota	February 2022: S.B. 182, pending.	Prohibits discriminatory actions against persons engaged with the firearm industry.	S.B. 182

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Tennessee	July 2022: SB2649, in effect.	Prohibits state treasurer from entering a contract with a state depository if the state depository has a policy prohibiting financing to companies within the fossil fuel industry.	SB2649
Texas	August 2022: Texas Comptroller Publishes List and Firms Respond	<p>Texas Comptroller published list of ten financial institutions that the Comptroller identified to be boycotting energy companies and published a FAQ regarding the methodology the Comptroller used to reach its determination.</p> <p>Following this development, BlackRock and at least four other major financial firms on the state Comptroller’s divestment list have asked to be removed from it, arguing that they shouldn’t have been included at all. In an October 3, 2022 letter to the Comptroller, BlackRock representatives stated: “We believe your determination is incorrect and is contradicted by verifiable public information. . . . BlackRock does not boycott energy companies” under the relevant state code.</p>	<p>Texas Comptroller Press Release</p> <p>List of Financial Companies that Boycott Energy Companies</p> <p>ESG Clarity Article</p> <p>BlackRock: “Setting the Record Straight”</p>
	September 2021: S.B. 13, enacted.	<p>Calls upon “the comptroller of public accounts to prepare, maintain, and provide to the permanent school fund (PSF) and each statewide retirement system a list of all financial companies that boycott energy companies.”</p> <p>Directs state pension and school funds to divest shares they hold in financial groups which, in the government’s view, “boycott energy companies.”</p> <p>Texas’s comptroller announced on August 25, 2022 that 10 investment companies and 350 investment funds “boycott” fossil fuel companies in the state. These now face possible divestment by state pension funds due to S.B. 13.</p>	S.B. 13
	September 2021: S.B. 19, enacted.	<p>Requires every financial institution doing business with state and local government entities to certify that it does not “have a practice, policy, guidance or directive that discriminates against a firearm entity or firearm trade association.”</p> <p>Directs state pension and school funds to divest shares they hold in financial groups which, in the government’s view, boycott firearm companies.</p>	S.B. 19
	October 2021: Teacher Retirement System ESG Policy	Teacher Retirement System of Texas adopted formal policy to consider ESG factors material to long-term returns and levels of risk.	TRS Investment Policy Statement.
Utah	September 2022: Utah Treasurer announces divestment from BlackRock	Utah State Treasurer announced that the state will be divesting approximately \$100 million from BlackRock due to the manager’s ESG and sustainable investing policies, and moving the funds to different managers.	The Salt Lake Tribune Article
	April 2022: Treasurer’s	“The promotion of ESG in any form is destructive to our capital markets and economic freedoms and, ultimately,	Gravity Exists Article

STATE	DEVELOPMENT	KEY POINTS	FURTHER READING
	Statement on ESG	as seen in Europe, our national security.”	
	March 2022: H.B. 312, not passed.	Prohibits a public entity from entering a contract for financial services with a financial company unless: (1) The contract includes a written certification that the company does not have a policy of refusing to finance fossil fuel companies; and (2) the company agrees not to adopt a policy of refusing to finance fossil fuel companies for the duration of the contract.	H.B. 312
Vermont	March 2022: S251, pending.	<p>Act relating to divestment of State pension funds from fossil fuel companies.</p> <p>Involves Vermont Pension Investment Commission, the Vermont State Teachers’ Retirement System, the Vermont State Employees’ Retirement System and the Vermont Municipal Employees’ Retirement System; requires divestment by January 1st, 2025 from restricted companies.</p> <p>Prohibits investment in the 200 publicly traded fossil fuel companies whose fossil fuel reserves have the largest potential carbon emissions.</p>	S251
Virginia	February 2022: S.B. 213/H.B. 645, pending.	<p>Involves Board of Virginia Retirement System and local retirement systems; requires divestment by January 1st, 2027 from restricted companies.</p> <p>Prohibits investment in the 200 publicly traded fossil fuel companies with the largest fossil fuel reserves and the 30 largest public companies with coal-fired power plants.</p> <p>The Board cannot invest any assets in the stocks, securities, or other obligations of any fossil fuel company or any subsidiary, affiliate, or parent of any fossil fuel company.</p>	S.B. 213/H.B. 645
Washington	No recent developments		
West Virginia	June 2022: S.B. 262, enacted.	<p>Relates generally to financial institutions engaged in boycotts of energy companies.</p> <p>Allows Treasurer to maintain list of financial institutions that boycott energy companies in addition to disqualifying bids from said institutions, refusing to enter state banking contracts with them, and requiring institutions to verify they will not boycott energy companies during term of contract (in writing).</p>	S.B. 262
	February 2022: S.B. 555, pending.	<p>Bill amending the Code of West Virginia, 1931, by adding a new section relating generally to financial institutions engaged in boycotts of firearms companies.</p> <p>Allows Treasurer to maintain list of financial institutions that boycott firearms companies in addition to disqualifying bids from said institutions, refusing to enter state banking contracts with them, and requiring</p>	S.B. 555

STATE	DEVELOPMENT	KEY POINTS	FURTHER READING
		institutions to verify they will not boycott firearms companies during term of contract (in writing).	
	January 2022: H.B. 3084, died in committee.	<p>Relates to West Virginia Public Employees Retirement system and prohibits investment of funds in companies divesting from natural gas, oil, coal, petrochemicals, forestry products, or agriculture commodities.</p> <p>Empowers board to name restricted businesses to a restricted business list and to remove 7 investments from restricted businesses with notice.</p>	H.B. 3084
Wisconsin	No recent developments.		
Wyoming	July 2021: H.B. 0236, in effect.	<p>Prohibits financial institutions from discriminating against firearms businesses.</p> <p>In the context of this act, "discriminate" means: refusing to trade goods or services, discontinuing or terminating an existing relationship, among others.</p>	H.B.0236